1	LEGISLATIVE REVIEW OF HEALTH				
2	INSURANCE MANDATES				
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION				
4	STATE OF UTAH				
5	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan				
6 7	Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. VanTassell				
8	LONG TITLE				
9	Committee Note:				
10	The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.				
11	General Description:				
12	This bill modifies provisions related to the Legislature to clarify review of health				
13	insurance mandates by an interim committee.				
14	Highlighted Provisions:				
15	This bill:				
16	 modifies the process by which the Business and Labor Interim Committee reviews 				
17	health insurance mandates;				
18	 removes provisions related to the legislative auditor general assisting with a review; 				
19	 requires the Department of Insurance to take certain actions in relationship to a 				
20	review; and				
21	makes technical and conforming amendments.				
22	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:				
23	None				
24	Other Special Clauses:				
25	None				
26	Utah Code Sections Affected:				
27	AMENDS:				



36-12-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 65 36-12-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 84
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 36-12-5 is amended to read:
36-12-5. Duties of interim committees.
(1) Except as otherwise provided by law, each interim committee shall:
(a) receive study assignments by resolution from the Legislature;
(b) receive study assignments from the Legislative Management Committee, created
under Section 36-12-6;
(c) place matters on its study agenda after requesting approval of the study from the
Legislative Management Committee, which request, if not disapproved by the Legislative
Management Committee within 30 days of receipt of the request, the interim committee shall
consider it approved and may proceed with the requested study;
(d) request research reports from the professional legislative staff pertaining to the
committee's agenda of study;
(e) investigate and study possibilities for improvement in government services within
its subject area;
(f) accept reports from the professional legislative staff and make recommendations for
legislative action with respect to such reports; and
(g) prepare and recommend to the Legislature a legislative program in response to the
committee's study agenda.
(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2):
(i) "Health insurance" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
(ii) "Health insurance mandate" means a mandatory obligation with respect to a
coverage, benefit, or provider that, but for Title 31A, Insurance Code, would not be required
for a policy of health insurance.
(b) In addition to the duties established pursuant to Subsection (1), [the Business and
Labor Interim Committee and the Health and Human Services Interim Committee] annually the
Business and Labor Interim Committee shall:
(i) identify [provisions in Title 31A, Insurance Code, that impose a mandatory

12-12-07 8:33 AM H.B. 60

59	obligation on hearth insurers with respect to coverage, benefits, or providers that have been any
60	one or more health insurance mandates listed under Subsection (2)(d) that:
61	(A) are in effect for five or more years as of May 1; and [have]
62	(B) have not been reviewed during the previous ten years as of May 1; [and]
63	(ii) select which of the one or more health insurance mandates identified under
64	Subsection (2)(b)(i) that the Business and Labor Interim Committee elects to review, subject to
65	the direction of the Legislative Management Committee [which may divide the provisions
66	between the committees,]; and
67	(iii) review [the provisions] a health insurance mandate selected under Subsection
68	(2)(b)(ii) to determine whether the [provisions] health insurance mandate should be continued,
69	modified, or repealed[, provided that:].
70	[(A) any provision in effect for five or more years as of July 1, 2000, shall be reviewed
71	before November 30, 2005; and]
72	[(B) any provision enacted after July 1, 2000, shall be reviewed on the fifth year after
73	enactment.]
74	[(b)] (c) The review <u>under this Subsection (2)</u> shall include:
75	(i) the estimated fiscal impact of the [provision] health insurance mandate on state and
76	private health insurance; and
77	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the [provision] health insurance mandate.
78	[(c) The committee may request through, and with the approval of, the audit
79	subcommittee that the legislative auditor general perform, or otherwise assist in the
80	performance of, the review described in Subsection (2)(b).]
81	(d) The Department of Insurance shall:
82	(i) provide a list of the health insurance mandates in this state in its annual report; and
83	(ii) assist in a review:
84	(A) if requested by the Business and Labor Interim Committee; and
85	(B) to the extent that personnel and budget resources permit.
86	(3) Except as otherwise provided by law, reports and recommendations of the interim
87	committees shall be completed and made public prior to any legislative session at which the
88	reports and recommendations are submitted. A copy of the reports and recommendations shall
89	be mailed to each member or member-elect of the Legislature, to each elective state officer, and

90	to the state library.
91	Section 2. Section 36-12-15 is amended to read:
92	36-12-15. Office of Legislative Auditor General established Qualifications
93	Powers, functions, and duties.
94	(1) There is created an Office of Legislative Auditor General as a permanent staff
95	office for the Legislature.
96	(2) The legislative auditor general shall be a licensed certified public accountant or
97	certified internal auditor with at least five years experience in the auditing or public accounting
98	profession, or the equivalent, prior to appointment.
99	(3) The legislative auditor general shall appoint and develop a professional staff within
100	budget limitations.
101	(4) (a) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall exercise the constitutional
102	authority provided in Article VI, Sec. 33, Utah Constitution.
103	(b) Under the direction of the legislative auditor general, the office shall:
104	(i) conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of
105	any entity that receives public funds;
106	(ii) prepare and submit a written report on each audit, examination, or review to the
107	Legislative Management Committee, the audit subcommittee, and to all members of the
108	Legislature within 75 days after the audit or examination is completed; and
109	(iii) as provided in Section 36-24-101:
110	(A) monitor all new programs and agencies created during each Annual General
111	Session or Special Session of the Legislature;
112	(B) provide each new program and agency created with a list of best practices in setting
113	up their program or agency, including:
114	(I) policies;
115	(II) performance measures; and
116	(III) data collection;
117	(C) send each new program and agency:
118	(I) within one year after its creation, a survey instrument requesting a self evaluation
119	that includes policies, performance measures, and data collection; and
120	(II) within two years after its creation, a survey instrument requesting a self evaluation

12-12-07 8:33 AM H.B. 60

that includes policies, performance measures, and data collection; and

- (D) (I) using the new program or agency's response to the self evaluation survey instruments, recommend to the legislative audit subcommittee that the office conduct an audit of those new programs and agencies created on which questions have arisen as a result of the response to the survey instrument and provide a limited scope audit report on those new programs or agencies on which it receives direction to audit to the legislative interim committee and to the legislative appropriations subcommittee with oversight responsibility for that program or agency on or before the November interim meeting; and
- (II) include within this limited scope audit report a recommendation as to whether the program or agency is fulfilling its statutory guidelines and directives.
- (5) The audit, examination, or review of any entity that receives public funds may include a determination of any or all of the following:
 - (a) the honesty and integrity of all its fiscal affairs;
 - (b) the accuracy and reliability of its financial statements and reports;
- (c) whether or not its financial controls are adequate and effective to properly record and safeguard its acquisition, custody, use, and accounting of public funds;
 - (d) whether or not its administrators have faithfully adhered to legislative intent;
 - (e) whether or not its operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and cost efficient manner;
 - (f) whether or not its programs have been effective in accomplishing intended objectives; and
 - (g) whether or not its management control and information systems are adequate and effective.
 - (6) The Office of Legislative Auditor General may:
 - (a) (i) notwithstanding any other provision of law, obtain access to all records, documents, and reports of any entity that receives public funds that are necessary to the scope of its duties; and
 - (ii) if necessary, issue a subpoena to obtain access as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(i) using the procedures contained in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers;
- (b) establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work for the officeand staff;

(c) prepare and submit each audit report without interference from any source relative to the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing the results of his findings; and

(d) prepare and submit the annual budget request for the office.

- (7) To preserve the professional integrity and independence of the office:
- 157 (a) no legislator or public official may urge the appointment of any person to the office; 158 and
 - (b) the legislative auditor general may not be appointed to serve on any board, authority, commission, or other agency of the state during his term as legislative auditor general.
 - (8) The following records in the custody or control of the legislative auditor general shall be protected records under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act:
 - (a) Records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the legislative auditor general through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the legislative auditor general in preparing a final audit report.
 - (b) Records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who during the course of a legislative audit, communicated the existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected.
 - (c) Prior to the time that an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for their response or information.
 - (d) Records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit program.
 - (e) Requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.
- (f) The provisions of Subsections (8)(a), (b), and (c) do not prohibit the disclosure of

12-12-07 8:33 AM H.B. 60

records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.

- (g) The provisions of this section do not limit the authority otherwise given to the legislative auditor general to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
 - (9) The legislative auditor general shall:

- (a) be available to the Legislature and to its committees for consultation on matters relevant to areas of [his] the legislative auditor general's professional competence [and shall perform, or otherwise assist in the performance of, a health insurance provision review as provided in Section 36-12-5];
 - (b) conduct special audits as requested by the Legislative Management Committee;
- (c) report immediately in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through its audit subcommittee any apparent violation of penal statutes disclosed by the audit of a state agency and furnish to the Legislative Management Committee all information relative to the apparent violation;
- (d) report immediately in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through its audit subcommittee any apparent instances of malfeasance or nonfeasance by a state officer or employee disclosed by the audit of a state agency; and
- (e) make any recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee through its audit subcommittee with respect to the alteration or improvement of the accounting system used by any entity that receives public funds.
- (10) (a) Prior to each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall prepare a summary of the audits conducted and of actions taken based upon them during the preceding year.
- (b) This report shall also set forth any items and recommendations that are important for consideration in the forthcoming session, together with a brief statement or rationale for each item or recommendation.
- (c) The legislative auditor general shall deliver the report to the Legislature and to the appropriate committees of the Legislature.
 - (11) (a) No person or entity may:
- 213 (i) interfere with a legislative audit, examination, or review of any entity conducted by

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- (ii) interfere with the office relative to the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.
- (b) Any person or entity that violates the provisions of this Subsection (11) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-15-07 9:16 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

-8-

H.B. 60 - Legislative Review of Health Insurance Mandates

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

12/27/2007, 12:37:40 PM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst